Listing of the Claims

1. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) a <u>a polynucleotide comprising the</u> [[a]] polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:[[1-25]]23,
- b) <u>a polynucleotide comprising</u> a naturally occurring polynucleotide sequence having at least 90% sequence identity <u>identical</u> to [[a]] <u>the</u> polynucleotide sequence sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID: [[1-25]]23,
 - c) a polynucleotide sequence complementary to a),
 - d) a polynucleotide sequence complementary to b), and
 - e) an RNA equivalent of a) through d).
- 2. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide of claim 1, comprising the[[a]] polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:[[1-25]]23.
- 3. (Original) An isolated polynucleotide comprising at least 60 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 4. (Original) A composition for the detection of expression of disease detection and treatment molecule polynucleotides comprising at least one of the polynucleotides of claim 1 and a detectable label.
- 5. (Original) A method for detecting a target polynucleotide in a sample, said target polynucleotide having a sequence of a polynucleotide of claim 1, the method comprising:
- a) amplifying said target polynucleotide or fragment thereof using polymerase chain reaction amplification, and
- b) detecting the presence or absence of said amplified target polynucleotide or fragment thereof, and, optionally, if present, the amount thereof.

6. (Original) A method for detecting a target polynucleotide in a sample, said target polynucleotide comprising a sequence of a polynucleotide of claim 1, the method comprising:

- a) hybridizing the sample with a probe comprising at least 20 contiguous nucleotides comprising a sequence complementary to said target polynucleotide in the sample, and which probe specifically hybridizes to said target polynucleotide, under conditions whereby a hybridization complex is formed between said probe and said target polynucleotide or fragments thereof, and
- b) detecting the presence or absence of said hybridization complex, and, optionally, if present, the amount thereof.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method of claim [[5]]6, wherein the probe comprises at least 30 contiguous nucleotides.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of claim [[5]]6, wherein the probe comprises at least 60 contiguous nucleotides.
- 9. (Original) A recombinant polynucleotide comprising a promoter sequence operably linked to a polynucleotide of claim 1.
 - 10. (Original) A cell transformed with a recombinant polynucleotide of claim 9.
 - 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Original) A method for producing a disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide, the method comprising:
- a) culturing a cell under conditions suitable for expression of the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide, wherein said cell is transformed with a recombinant polynucleotide of claim 9, and
 - b) recovering the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide so expressed.

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13. (Original) A purified disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide encoded by at least one of the polynucleotides of claim 2.

- 14. (Original) An isolated antibody which specifically binds to a disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide of claim 13.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of identifying a test compound which specifically binds to the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide of claim 13, the method comprising the steps of:
 - a) providing a test compound;
- b) combining the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide with the test compound for a sufficient time and under suitable conditions for binding; and
- c) detecting binding of the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide to the test compound, thereby identifying the test compound which specifically binds the disease detection and treatment molecule polypeptide.
- 16. (Original) A microarray wherein at least one element of the microarray is a polynucleotide of claim 3.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method for generating a transcript image of a sample which contains polynucleotides, the method comprising the steps of:
 - a) labeling the polynucleotides of the sample,
- b) contacting the elements of the microarray of claim 16 with the labeled polynucleotides of the sample under conditions suitable for the formation of a hybridization complex, and
 - c) quantifying the expression of the polynucleotides in the sample.
- 18. (Amended) A method for screening a compound for effectiveness in altering expression of a target polynucleotide, wherein said target polynucleotide comprises a polynucleotide sequence of claim 1, the method comprising:
 - a) exposing a sample comprising the target polynucleotide to a compound, under

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conditions suitable for the expression of the target polynucleotide, and

- b) detecting altered expression of the target polynucleotide, and
- c) comparing the expression of the target polynucleotide in the presence of varying amounts of the compound and in the absence of the compound.
- 19. (Original) A method for assessing toxicity of a test compound, said method comprising:
 - a) treating a biological sample containing nucleic acids with the test compound;
- b) hybridizing the nucleic acids of the treated biological sample with a probe comprising at least 20 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide of claim 1 under conditions whereby a specific hybridization complex is formed between said probe and a target polynucleotide in the biological sample, said target polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence of a polynucleotide of claim 1 or fragment thereof;
 - c) quantifying the amount of hybridization complex; and
- d) comparing the amount of hybridization complex in the treated biological sample with the amount of hybridization complex in an untreated biological sample, wherein a difference in the amount of hybridization complex in the treated biological sample is indicative of toxicity of the test compound.
- 20. (New) A method of detecting a target polynucleotide in a sample, said target polynucleotide having a sequence of a polynucleotide of claim 1, the method comprising:
 - a) amplifying said target polynucleotide or fragment thereof using polymerase chain reaction amplification, and
 - b) detecting the presence or absence of said amplified target polynucleotide or fragment thereof, and, optionally, if present, the amount thereof.